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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/896,032	06/29/2001	Christoph Seidel	HUBR-1067.3 DIV	HUBR-1067.3 DIV 2111	
24972 75	590 04/14/2005		EXAMINER		
FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI, LLP			BROWN, TIMOTHY M		
666 FIFTH AV	NY 10103-3198		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			1648		
			DATE MAILED: 04/14/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	09/896,032	SEIDEL ET AL.				
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Timothy M. Brown	1648				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED <u>08 March 2005</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.				
. 🔯 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application,						
applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Approximation (RCE) in compliance time periods:	peal (with appeal fee) in compliance	e with 37 CFR 41.31;	or (3) a			
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
NOTICE OF APPEAL	and but prior to the date of filing or	annoal briaf. The Ne	ation of Annual			
2. The reply was filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing an appeal brief. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).						
AMENDMENTS	·					
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brief	f, will <u>not</u> be entered i	because			
(a) They raise new issues that would require further co	•	TE below);				
(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	•					
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or						
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).						
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): See Continuation Sheet.						
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a the non-allowable claim(s).		, timely filed amendm	ent canceling			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		ill be entered and an	explanation of			
Claim(s) objected to:						
Claim(s) rejected: <u>40-48</u> .						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	41 6 41 14 660	I 45				
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 		vit or other evidence				
The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing	a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the	e date of filing a brief	, will <u>not</u> be			
entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).						
0. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER						
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet. 	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	ince because:			
2. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).						
I3. ☑ Other: PTO-892 attached.						

1 3/25/05

Continuation of 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): the rejection of claims 40-48 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicants' remarks do not overcome the enablement rejection of claims 40-48. Applicants argue the Examiner has not met the burden of showing that the claimed invention is unlikely to function. The Examiner respectfully submits the claimed invention does not enjoy such a presumption. Applicants rely on In re Marzocchi which states the specification "must be taken as in compliance with the enabling requirement . . ." when it teaches how to make and use the invention "in terms which correspond to those used in describing and defining the subject matter sought to be patented" Marzocchi is not persuasive in Applicants' case because the specification does not teach how to use the invention "in terms that correspond in scope" with the claims. Applicants' method permits any modification to be made to any and all cysteine residues of the NS3 protein. The specification, however, only teaches making covalent modifications to specific NS3 cysteine residues. Because the scope of the claims does not correspond to the teachings of the specification, Marzocchi's presumption of enablement does not apply.

It is worth noting that if the Examiner had the burden of showing that the invention is unlikely to function, the state of the art would support such a finding. Claims 40-48 were rejected for lacking enablement because the specification does not teach how to maintain the antigenicity of the NS3 polypeptide, while making various modifications to the NS3 cysteine residues. Research by Mangold et al. (Virol. (1995) 211, 535-543) shows that cysteine modifications have a profound impact on the antigenicity of the envelope protein of viral proteins. Their work shows that the ability of antibody to detect HBV envelope protein is compromised by the deletion of just two cysteine residues. Thus, Applicants' modification of each cysteine residue (such as by deletion) would more likely than not destroy the antigenicity of the NS3 protein.

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